

Solve 1D Transient Advection-Diffusion Problem
Using FTCS Finite Difference Method

Objectives

- Present a simple 1D Transient Advection-Diffusion problem
- Similar to the diffusion problem we have seen earlier
- We discretize the domain into 5 grid spacings
- We consider a single time step and solve the problem using FTCS FDM
- Vary grid spacings and time steps and obtain solutions

1D Advection-Diffusion Problem

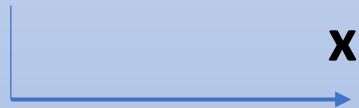
$$T_{\text{end1}} = 0 \text{ deg.C}$$

$$T_{\text{in}} = 100 \cdot (x/L) \text{ deg.C}$$

$$T_{\text{end2}} = 100 \text{ deg.C}$$



$$L = 1 \text{ cm}$$



Porous Plate

1D Advection-Diffusion Equation

- $f_t + u * f_x = \alpha * f_{xx}$ (1); $f(x, t)$; u – convection velocity, α – diffusion coefficient
- In terms of temperature, $f(x, t) = T(x, t)$
- $T_t + u * T_x = \alpha * T_{xx}$
- $\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + u * \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = \alpha * \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2}$ (2); $T(\text{Temp}) = T(x, t)$; x – spatial coordinate, t – time
- α – Thermal diffusivity, $\frac{cm^2}{s}$; $\alpha = k / (\rho * c)$
- k – thermal conductivity of the fluid, $W/(cm K)$ (assumed constant)
- ρ – density of the fluid, kg/cm^3
- c – specific heat capacity of the fluid, $J/(kg K)$
- k_m – thermal conductivity of the material (neglected compared with that of the fluid), $W/(cm K)$

1D Advection-Diffusion Equation – Exact Solution – At Steady State

- $T(x, \infty) = 100 * \frac{\exp\left(\frac{(P*x)}{L}\right) - 1}{\exp^P - 1} ; \dots\dots\dots(3)$
- Peclet No. $P = \left(\frac{u * L}{\alpha}\right)$

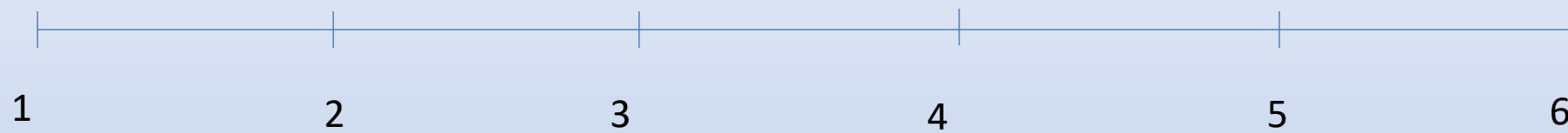
FTCS - Forward-Time Centered-Space Method

- $T_t + u * T_x = \alpha * T_{xx}$
- Let us discretize the domain. Here, i represents the node location and n represents the time step.
- $\left(\frac{T_i^{n+1} - T_i^n}{\Delta t}\right) + u * \left(\frac{T_{i+1}^n - T_{i-1}^n}{2 * \Delta x}\right) = \alpha * \left(\frac{T_{i-1}^n - 2 * T_i^n + T_{i+1}^n}{\Delta x^2}\right)$; Rearranging, we get
- $T_i^{n+1} = T_i^n - \left(\frac{u * \Delta t}{2 * \Delta x}\right) * (T_{i+1}^n - T_{i-1}^n) + \left(\frac{\alpha * \Delta t}{\Delta x^2}\right) * (T_{i-1}^n - 2 * T_i^n + T_{i+1}^n)$;.....(4)
- Let $c = \left(\frac{u * \Delta t}{\Delta x}\right)$; where c = courant/convection number;
- Let $d = \left(\frac{\alpha * \Delta t}{\Delta x^2}\right)$; where d – diffusion number, we then get
- $T_i^{n+1} = T_i^n - \left(\frac{c}{2}\right) * (T_{i+1}^n - T_{i-1}^n) + d * (T_{i-1}^n - 2 * T_i^n + T_{i+1}^n)$;.....(5)
- Equation (5) is the FTCS finite difference approximation of the original equation

FTCS - Forward-Time Centered-Space Method

- FTCS method is an explicit method and is conditionally stable.
- Stability criteria : $c^2 \leq 2 \cdot d \leq 1$
- The error is $O(\Delta t) + O(\Delta x^2)$

- Now let us discretize the 1D domain into, m (say 5) segments / grid spacings (equally spaced) as shown below.



- Note, temperatures at Node 1) and Node 6) are known (BCs).
- To apply equation (5), we need to consider the interior nodes 2 to 5.

- $T_i^{n+1} = T_i^n - \left(\frac{c}{2}\right) * (T_{i+1}^n - T_{i-1}^n) + d * (T_{i-1}^n - 2 * T_i^n + T_{i+1}^n) ; \dots \dots (5)$

- Let $i = 2, 3, 4 \& 5 \& n = 0$, Eq 5) becomes

- $T_2^1 = T_2^0 - \left(\frac{c}{2}\right) * (T_3^0 - T_1^0) + d * (T_1^0 - 2 * T_2^0 + T_3^0) ; \dots \dots (6)$

- $T_3^1 = T_3^0 - \left(\frac{c}{2}\right) * (T_4^0 - T_2^0) + d * (T_2^0 - 2 * T_3^0 + T_4^0) ; \dots \dots (7)$

- $T_4^1 = T_4^0 - \left(\frac{c}{2}\right) * (T_5^0 - T_3^0) + d * (T_3^0 - 2 * T_4^0 + T_5^0) ; \dots \dots (8)$

- $T_5^1 = T_5^0 - \left(\frac{c}{2}\right) * (T_6^0 - T_4^0) + d * (T_4^0 - 2 * T_5^0 + T_6^0) ; \dots \dots (9)$

- Here T_1^n, T_6^n are the BC's for all times and T_i^0 is the initial condition (IC) for all nodes.

- Let $\Delta t = 0.5$ s; $\Delta x = L/m = 1/5 = 0.2$ cm
- Stability criteria : $c^2 \leq 2*d \leq 1$
- Stability Criteria I
- $d = \left(\frac{\alpha * \Delta t}{\Delta x^2} \right) = \left(\frac{0.01 * 0.5}{0.2^2} \right) = 0.125;$
- $2*d = 0.25 \leq 1$ [Stability Criteria I met]
- Stability Criteria II
- $c = \left(\frac{u * \Delta t}{\Delta x} \right) = \left(\frac{0.1 * 0.5}{0.2} \right) = 0.25$
- $c^2 = 0.25^2 = 0.0625 \leq 2*d \leq 0.25$ [Stability Criteria II met]

- Initial Conditions:

- $T(x,0) = 100 * \left(\frac{x}{L}\right)$; $x = 0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1$; (for six nodes)

- $T(0,0) = 0$ °C; $T(0.2,0) = 20$ °C; $T(0.4,0) = 40$ °C;

- $T(0.6,0) = 60$ °C; $T(0.8,0) = 80$ °C; $T(1,0) = 100$ °C;

- Boundary Conditions:

- $T(0,t) = 0$ °C;

- $T(L,t) = 100$ °C;

- We need to substitute the values of c , d and the ICs, BCs into equations (6) to (9)

- Substituting the initial and boundary conditions into equations (6) to (9)

- $T_2^1 = 20 - \left(\frac{0.25}{2}\right) * (40 - 0) + 0.125 * (0 - 2 * 20 + 40) ; \dots\dots\dots(6)$

- $T_3^1 = 40 - \left(\frac{0.25}{2}\right) * (60 - 20) + 0.125 * (20 - 2 * 40 + 60) ; \dots\dots\dots(7)$

- $T_4^1 = 60 - \left(\frac{0.25}{2}\right) * (80 - 40) + 0.125 * (40 - 2 * 60 + 80) ; \dots\dots\dots(8)$

- $T_5^1 = 80 - \left(\frac{0.25}{2}\right) * (100 - 60) + 0.125 * (60 - 2 * 80 + 100) ; \dots\dots\dots(9)$

- $T_2^1 = 15 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- $T_3^1 = 35 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- $T_4^1 = 55 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- $T_5^1 = 75 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- Likewise, we can find the temperatures at these interior nodes at the next time step by choosing $n = 2$ and so on
- Graphical results are presented using MATLAB for this case.
- Using MATLAB or other software, we can develop codes for a general case where the number of grid spacings and time steps can be varied as desired.
- And the solutions obtained accordingly.

Summary

In this video,

- We presented a 1D Advection-Diffusion Problem
- We discretized our domain and solved the problem using FTCS Finite difference method
- We varied the grid spacings and time steps and presented the results using MATLAB
- In future videos, we can explore more challenging problems.